

All The Characters in The Pilgrim's Progress

- The Narrator is the one who tells his dream, the story of a pilgrim named Christian who is on the Way to the Celestial

- pilgrim named Christian who is on the Way to the Celestial City.

 Christian A poor, ragged man who flees from the wicked City of Destruction, convinced that God is about to blast it for its of the Control of the Cont

- Mr. Legality manages the village of Morality with his son. They represent the Ten Commandments Good-will Keeper of the Wicket Gate, entrance to the Holy Way, or "King's Highway," leading to the Celestial City on Mount Zion. The Holy Spirit inhabits a large-bouse that Interpreter: The Holy Spirit inhabits a large-bouse that Interpreter its where he is shown many wonders and given a number of echorizations on the way he should go.

 Three Shining Ones Angels who meet Christian at the Cross, he almost sedeces Christian by the Mount of the Command of the Comma
- his beity beich smoke and hander. And activation from death when Apollyon attacks him.

 Faithful is a man from the City of Destruction Christian meets as he emerges from the Valley of the Shadow of Death. The two Pilgrims travel together until Faithful is executed at Vanity
- Fair.

 The Interpreter lives in a large house where pilgrims make a visit for instructions, guidance, and understanding to comprehend allegory. He shows Christian a series of vignettes with hidden religious meanings. Christian eventually learns how to interpret the signs for himself.

 Angels occasionally appear throughout the story. They act as guardians for Christian's pierney, providing guidance, resources,

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- Simple, Lazy, and Arrogance are three men Christian conse upon after leaving the cross. Formalism and Hypocrisy travel together, climbing over the wall on the Way instead of entering through the Wicket Gate. They exhibit outward signs of religion but they do not have the true religion in their hearts. They perish at the foot of the Hill of Difficulty. Formalist and Hypocrisy, Formalist is one who knows all the outward forms of religion but not the inner spirit. Hypocrisy is what his name implies, being all things to all people. Both Formalist and Hypocrisy come to a bad end at the foot of Difficulty Hill.

 Nervousness and Mistrust travel together. Christian encounters them on the way to Zion, but because the dangers on the way increase, fear grips them and they return home.

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 Lord Hate-good is the judge who sentences Painful to a rightful dealth at Vanity Fair.

 Hopful is a refugee from Vanity Fair who joins Christian. They travel together all the way to the Celestial City.

 By-ends is from the wealthy town of Fair-speech. By-ends is from the wealthy town of Fair-speech. By-ends serious proportionity that comes to him for profit.

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- Demas is a man who operates the silver mine on the hillside called Lurre, which means greedy profit. He attempts to persuade Christian and Hopedu to leave their pursuit and come to his mine for silver. Vain-Confidence leads Christian and Hopedul astray as they seek an easier way. He trusts in his own abilities rather han Gol and comes to a painful of Dobbing. Casile. He Giant Despair is the master of Dowaley, in By-path Madow, seizes them for treepassing, and throws them into his cellar dungeon. They escape death when Christian memembers that he has a magic key that will open all the doors and gates of the castle, and they escape back to the Holy Way.
- doors and gates of the Holy Way.

 Diffidence is Giant Despair's wife who encourages harsh treatment of Christian and Hopeful.
- treatment of Christian and Hopeful.

 Knowledge, Experience, Watchful, and Sincere are shepherds who tend the Lord's flocks on the heights of the Delectable Mountains. The shepherds are helpful to the Pilgrims, giving them exact directions to the Celestial City and telling them what to avoid along the way.

 Ignorance is a "very brisk" lad who enters the Way by a shortcut, not the Wicket Gate. the thinks living a good life is has ticket into the Celestial City. When he finally arrives at the City, he is set straight to the finally carrives at
- Turn-Away is an apostate who has been seized by seven devils, tied with seven strong cords, and is being
- seven devils, tied with seven strong cords, and is being carried off to be tossed down the side mouth to Hell, which Christian and Hopeful had been shown from the Delectable Mountains to their great fright. Little Faith foolishly lets down his guard. He falls asleep in a dangerous intersection and is robbed of his money. The thieves fail to rob him of his jewis—his faith—but leave him begging for the remainder of his journey.
- faith—but leave him begging for the remanner or ms journey. Flatterer is a man who induces the two Pilgrims to follow him, leading them in a circular path into a net from which there appears to be no means of escape. But a Shining One appears with a whipcord, cuts the net, and leads them back to the Holy Way. Atheist laughs at the Pilgrims, telling them that he has made a great search and there is no such place as the Celestial City, which distresses Christian and Hopsful: "What' no Mount Zion!" Temporary is a want-to-be pilgrim from Graceless, an unbeliever who tries to live a moral life but is surrounded by people who lure him away from the faith. He backslides before completing his spiritual progress.

All The Places Christian Encounters in The Pilgrim's Progress

- City of Destruction, Christian's hometown, represents the whole world with its sins, corruptions, sorrows, and

- whose world with its sine, to support the first obstacle Christian faces on his way to the Wicket Gate.
 Village of Morality, managed by Mr. Legality and his sons. Wicket Gate is the only certified and legitimate entrance to the Way leading to the Celestial City.
 House of the Interpreter, a many-roomed house where Christian learns to understand allegories concerning his new 64-19.
- The Cross is located on high ground near the foot of a tomb.
 When Christian approaches the cross his burden falls from
- Hill of Difficulty must be climbed before reaching the Palace Beautiful. It represents opposition, persecution,

- Palace Beautiful. It represents opposition, persecution, temptations, etc.

 Palace Beautiful is at the top of the Hill of Difficulty, the residence of four sisters who represent Christian graces.

 Valley of Humiliation is located at the base of the Hill of Difficulty, Christian encounters ferocious Apollyon here.

 Valley of the Shadow of Death is even more fearful than the Valley of Humiliation, haunted by demons, representing the tribulations Christians endure.

- Vanity Fair is a wiced town with a year-round carnival to tempt pilgrims to forsake their journeys to give themselves over to lust. Faithful's journey ends here, put to death for his faith.

 River of God is a peaceful place adorned with pleasant meadows, a fruitful place with leaves that prevent illnesses.

 Doubting Castle is located adjacent to the narrowway. The control of the

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FIVE SCENES

City of Destruction

Leaving the City

Swamp of Despair

Looking for the Wicket Gate

Mount Sinai









These illustrations are by Mike Wimmer

in The Pilgrim's Progress, ed. By C. J. Lovick.

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WHY NOT READ THE ORIGINAL ENGLISH VERSION OF THE PILGRIM'S PROGRESS?

THE STORY BEGINS



THE CITY OF DESTRUCTION

A VERSION OF THE PILCRIMS PROCRESS
As I walked through the wilderness of this world, I lighted on a certain place, where was a Den, and I laid me down in that place to sleep: And as I slept, I dreamed a Dream. I dreamed, and behold I saw a Man cloathed with rogs, standing in a certain place, with his face from his own house, a Book in his hand, and a great Burden upon his back. I looked, and saw him open the Book, and read therein; and as he read, he wept and trembled; and not being able longer to cortain, he brake out with a lamentable cry, saying, What shall I do?

out with a lamentable cry, saying, What shall I do't.

In this plight therefore he went home, and refrained himself as long as he could, that his wife and children should not perceive his distress; but he could not be selent long, because that his trouble increased: Wherefore he began to talk to them: O my dear Wife, said he, and you the Children of my bowels, I your dear friend am in myself undone, by reason of a Burden that lieth hard upon me: moreover I am for certain informed, that this our City will be burned with fire from Heeven; in which fearly overthrow, both myself, with thee my wife, and you my sweet babes, shall miserably come to truin, except (hat which yet I see not) some Way of escape may be found, whereby we may be delivered.

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THE CITY OF DESTRUCTION

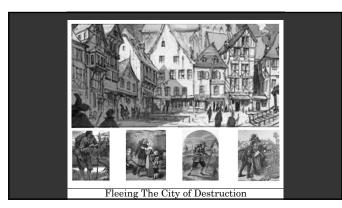
As I walked through the wilderness of this world, I came to a place where there was a clearing, and I laid down in it to sleep.

While I slopt, I dreamed about a man in ragged clothes who stood, with his face turned away from his own house and with a book in his hand, carrying a great burden on his back. I saw him read from the pages of the book, weeping and shaking in fear until eventually he cried out loudly, "What should I do?"

He anxiously returned home and tried to remain calm so that his wife and children would not become worried. But he became so distressed that he could no longer be silent and decided it was time to tell his family exactly what was on his mind.

"I love you all dearly," he said to his wife and children, "but I feel I must share with you this miserable and heavy burden that I've been carrying. You see, I've been reading this book and learned that our town will be destroyed—burned with fire from heaven—and unless we find some way to escape, all of us will die."

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The Man in Ragged Clothing

Bunyan's allegory calls for correct interpretation.

In Chapter 2 we will encounter the Interpreter who will take Christian through seven rooms with various themes to instruct him how to interpret what he son his journey.

Here, Bunyan requires us to interpret that Christian is encountering. What do these remesent? He provides. Scripture passages to assist us.

Pilgrim's ragged clothes.

- Pilgram's ragged clothes.
 A heavy burden on Pilgrim's back.
 Pilgrim's urgent appeal to his family followed by great anguish.
 Evangelist speaks with Pilgrim.

 What is the book Christian is reading?



Leaving the City of Destruction

"Do you see that wicket gate?" Evangelist asked.

"No, I do not." replied the Pilgrim.

"How about the light? Do you see the light?"

"Yes, I think I do."

"Good! Keep that light in your eye, and go straight to it. When you arrive at the gate, knock, and you will be told what you are to do."



Then Christian "set off running to the



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In Pursuit of Christian

Now, Christian had not gone far from his own house when his wife and children came out running, pleading and begging him to come back home, but he put his hands to his ears and ran on, crying, "Life! Life! Eternal life!" He never looked behind but ran toward the middle of the field.

His neighbors also came out to see him run. As he ran, some mocked, others threatened, and some cried after him to return. Two of the and some cried after him to return. I wo of the neighbors. Obstinate and Pliable, set off to bring him back, by force if necessary. By this time, Christian was a good distance ahead of them, but they were determined to catch him and eventually did.



How should we understand this within the allegory?

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A Conversation with Pliable



- What's in a name?
 - Pliable?
- Christian?
- Why does Obstinate depart?
 Why is there no burden on Pliable's
- What is Pliable's interest?

"What are you looking for?" Obstinate asked. "What is so valuable that you would turn your back on all the world to find it?"

Pilgrim is first called "Christian"



Battling the Swamp of Despair

- Lost in conversation, they find themselves in lost in the Swamp. Pliable lives up to his name.
- Pliable exits the swamp more easily than Christian. Why?
- · Help finds Christian.

The swamp cannot be fixed since . . . all sorts of scum and filth associated with the conviction of sin drain into it. Therefore, it's called the Swamp of Despair.'



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Advice from Worldly Wiseman

- Mr. Worldly Wiseman resides in Carnal Policy, near City of Destruction.
- Christian, heading for the Wicket Gate where he expects to be relieved of his burden, is detained and redirected.



Worldly Wiseman derides Evangelist-"a terrible guide . . . The most dangerous advice."

- "How did you get your burden?"
- "Go to the Village of Morality."
- "Look for Legality or his son, Civility."
- Christian wanders away from the Narrow Way leading to the Wicket Gate, which represents Christ Jesus.



From now on, let those who have wives live as though they had none, and those who mourn as though they were not mourning, and those who rejoice as though they were not rejoicing, and those who buy as though they had no goods, and those who deal with the world as gh they had no dealings with it. For the ent form of this world is passing away." (1

"See to it that no one takes you captive by philosophy and empty deceit, according to human tradition, according to the elemental spirits of the world, and not according to Christ" (Col. 2:8).

Legality & Civility Represent Fixation on the Law as an End in Itself

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- Evangelist approaches Christian.
 "Aren't you Christian, the man whom I found crying outside the City of Destruction?" "You must completely hate three aspects of his advice.
- 1. "Did I not point you to the Way that leads to the Wicket Gate, to Christ Jesus?"
- 2. "You have rejected God's counsel by turning from the Cross to go a different direction from the way of peace, even to the point of eternally losing your life."
- 3. "You must hate his directing you to the law; only the gospel speaks consolation and the forgiveness of sins."

"My righteous one shall live by faith, and if he shrinks back, my soul has no pleasure in him" (Heb. 10:38).

"See that you do not refuse him who is speaking. For i they did not escape when they refused him who warne them on earth, much less will we escape if we rejec him who warns from heaven" (Heb. 12:25).

I tell you, every sin and blasphemy will be for people, but the blasphemy against the Spirit will

	EVANGELIST INSTRUCTS CHRISTIAN	
	1 John 4:3,5	This is the spirit of the antichrist, which you heard was coming and now is in the world already They are from the world, therefore they speak from the world, and the world listens to them." It is those who want to make a good showing in the flesh who would force you to be circumcised, and only in order that they may not be persecuted for the cross of Christ."
	Luke 11:24	"Strive to enter through the narrow door. For many, I tell you, will seek to enter and will not be able.
	Matt. 7:13-14	"Enter by the narrow gate. For the gate is wide and the way is easy that leads to destruction, and those who enter by it are many. For the gate is narrow and the way is hard that leads to life, and those who find it are few.
	Hebrew 11:25-26	"Choose rather to be mistreated with the people of God than to enjoy the fleeting pleasures of sin. Consider the reproach of Christ greater wealth than the treasures of the world. Look to the reward."
	Mark 8:38 John 12:25 Matt. 10:38- 39	"For whoever is ashamed of me and of my words in this adulterous and shirtle quentration, of him with the Son of Man also be ashamed when he comes in the glory of his Father with the holy angels." "Whoever loves his life loses it, and whoever hates his life in this world will keep if for eternal life." "And whoever does not take his cross and follow me is not worthy of me. Whoever finds his life will lose it, and whoever
		loses his life for my sake will find it."

